Since Observation Began

By PHILIP POTTER

keeping "watch" on Stokely Car a new spate of demands for 1966 as to whether Carmichael michael since "late last sum-prosecution, a spokesman de-culd not be indicted for violamer," but has not yet con- clared today. thing indictable.

This was the word from a Justice Department spokesman to movement had been watched by spoken words as distinguished day, as he released a letter to an the department since late last unidentified congressman assuring him that appropriate action against Carmichael "will be taken whenever it appears that criminal prosecution would be warranted."

The State Department already has taken steps to revoke the

passport of Carmichael, who pate as an honorary delegate in American Solidarity Or ...iza- service in the ormed forces. tion, which is designe mote Castro communism in the not placed Americas,

· Carmichael, who got into Cuba through Prague, a channel often used by Latin American guerrillas traveling to and from Cuba, has scoffed about the prospective lifting of his passport.

At a news conference in Havana yesterday, from which If so, it may be because Car-United States newsmcn were michael changed his mind about barred but which was covered deterring Negroes from service by European newsmen, Carmichael said: "Since I was 15 years old I've not asked any at his Havana news conference one's permission to go anywhere' at any time for any reason. So I say to hell with the State Dcpartment."

He probably will not go near any United States consulate if and when he chooses to come America protecting military back to the United States.

Carmichael was born in Trinidad, but was raised as a naturalized citizen in New York's families." Harlem and the Bronx.

to lift a passport, it normally in-structs posts abroad where the Carmichael "until he says some holder might appear to stamp thing indictable," but he made it it "valid only for return to the clear that a perusal of the laws

holder demanding its return.

States cities, and his reported in view of the doctorines on talk about President Johnson, "clear and present danger" laid Dean Rusk, Secretary of State, down by the courts. and Robert S. McNamara, De- In this connection, the spokes-

Noting that the 25-year-old laws. cluded that he has done any former head of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee proscribe uses of written and the department since late last from acts, action and other summer, the spokesman said activities, must be read in the was keeping posted on his Cuba light of the First Amendment

two areas of principal Justice freedom of speech. Department concern — possible the first conference of the Latin refuse or evade registratica or

> Department 'had The Justi michael under formal surve. ance but it had sent agents to hear him speak "once in a while last a matter of routine," the spokesman said, adding that the Negro leader appeared to have "calmed down'' recently in his allusions to the selective scrvice laws.

"Good May Come Of It"

in Vietnam.

He is said to have remarked that "40 pcr cent of the troops in Vieinam are Negro, and some good may come of it because when they came back they will be trained to kill in the streets . . . Green Berets, now in Latin governments, may have to go back to the United States to protect their mothers, fathers and

The Justice Department Once the department decides spokesman said present plans

> not yet convinced anyone in the department there was a case,

KEPT is attempted here, either at the would not have devoted "this port of entry or by letter to the holder demanding its return.

Carmichael had it not been Carmichael's derogatory re
"concerned" over his performmarks about the United States ances, but to seek an indictment in Cuba; his calls for Negro there had to be a "flagrant violation in a volatile situation"

IWashington, Bureau of The Sunt fense Secretary, as possible tar lman made public a department Washington, Aug. 2 — The gets of assassination, have letter to an unidentified con-Justice Department has been brought the Justice Department gressman who had inquired in tion of the draft act or sedition

The reply stated in part: "Of course, all statutes that

which provides that Congress He said that there have been shall make no law abridging the

"The judicial decisions indiviolations of sedition statutes cate that counseling evasion of and of the Universal Military a required duty means attempt-Training and Service Act which ing to persuade specific persons journeyed to Havana to partici- makes it a fel my to "knowingly to evade such a duty, and we counsel, aid or abet another to know of no decisions indicating that counsel evasion contemplates expressions of view and opinions made to a general audienee.

"With respect to eases involving seditious utterances, the judicial decisions make it clear that before any form of speech can be suppressed, 'here must' be convincing evidence that grave harm and danger to the nation would otherwise follow. Such a consideration lcd to the. famous 'clear and present danger' doctrine first chunciated by the Supreme Court in the case of Schenck v. United States. . . .

"Through the years this doctrine has been imposed as a guide by the courts in determining the constitutionality of rcstrictions on the right of frce speech and free press. Under this doctrine, freedom of speech and of the press is susceptible of restrictions only when necessary to prevent grave and immediate danger to interests which the Government may lawlawfully protect."

Unite Approved For Reteasen 2004 (68) 34's GAARD P.72-00310 R000 2004 20011-8